

SCAN >>> BOOKMARKS (ADOBE ACROBAT)

BAHAN

- Buku
- Scanner
- Adobe Acrobat (aplikasi)

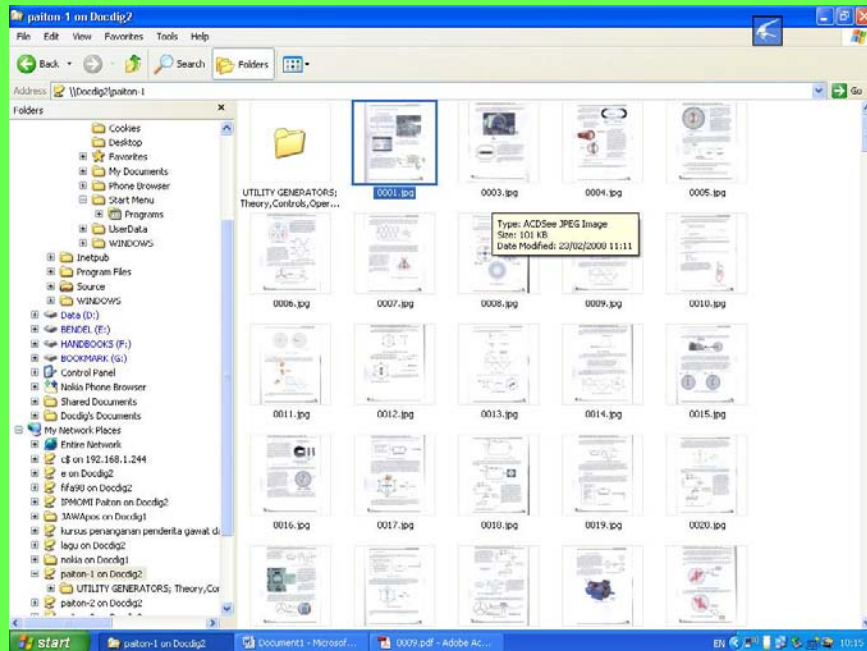
LANGKAH LANGKAH

LANGKAH I SCAN

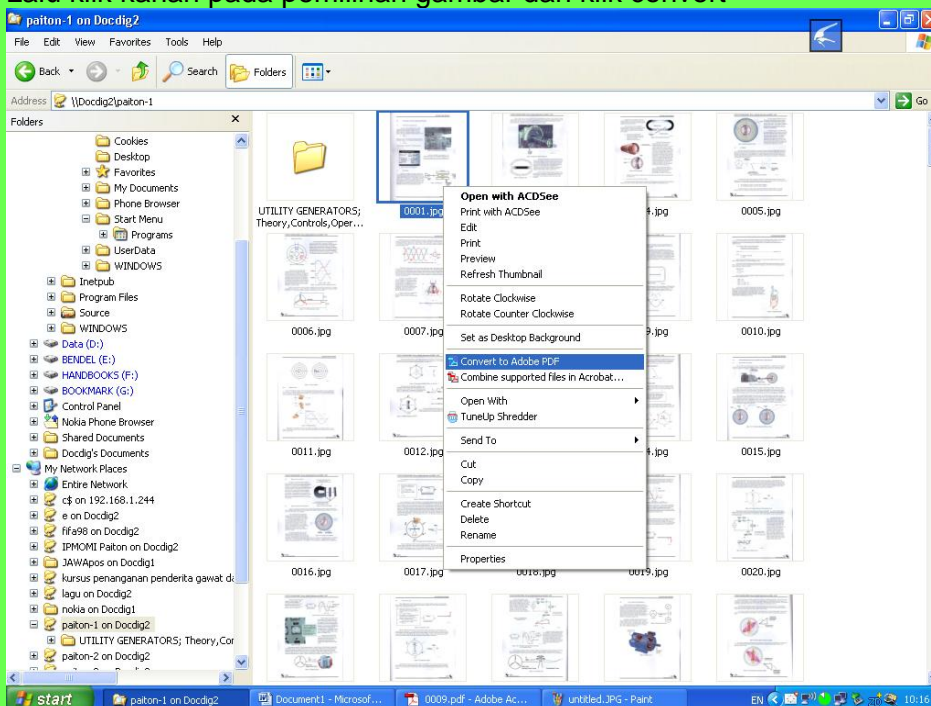
Buka aplikasi scanner contoh capture perfect 3.0 .Pilih dan klik option pada taskbar lalu pilih dan klik JPEG (untuk menjadikan file jpg / jpeg). Lalu scan buku dengan cara tekan tombol scan pada scanner anda . Lalu simpan dengan cara pilih dan klik file pada taskbar lalu pilih dan klik save as . Lalu klik save

LANGKAH II CONVERT .JPG MENJADI .PDF

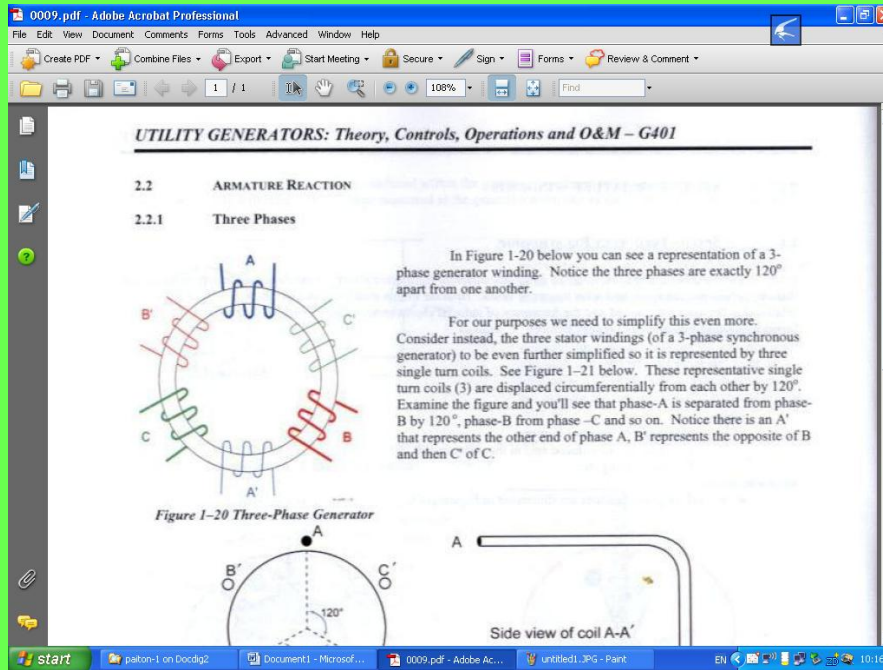
Buka folder yang telah ada hasil scan .Lalu pilih gambar hasil scan seperti gambar di bawah ini



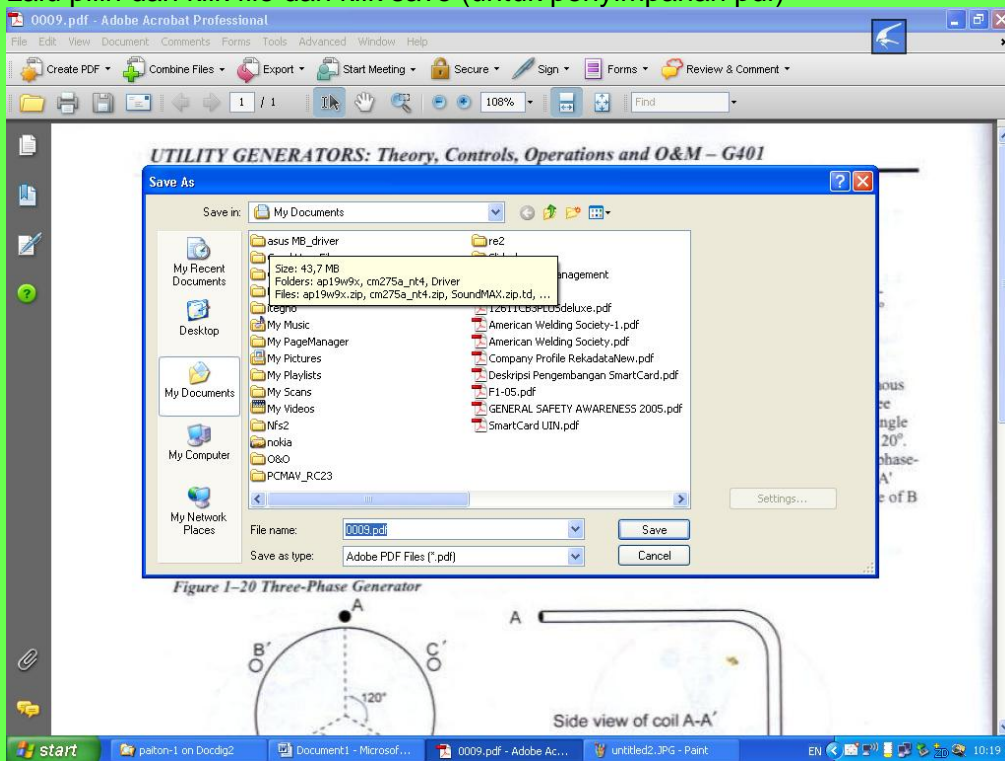
Lalu klik kanan pada pemilihan gambar dan klik convert



Maka akan muncul gambar di bawah ini



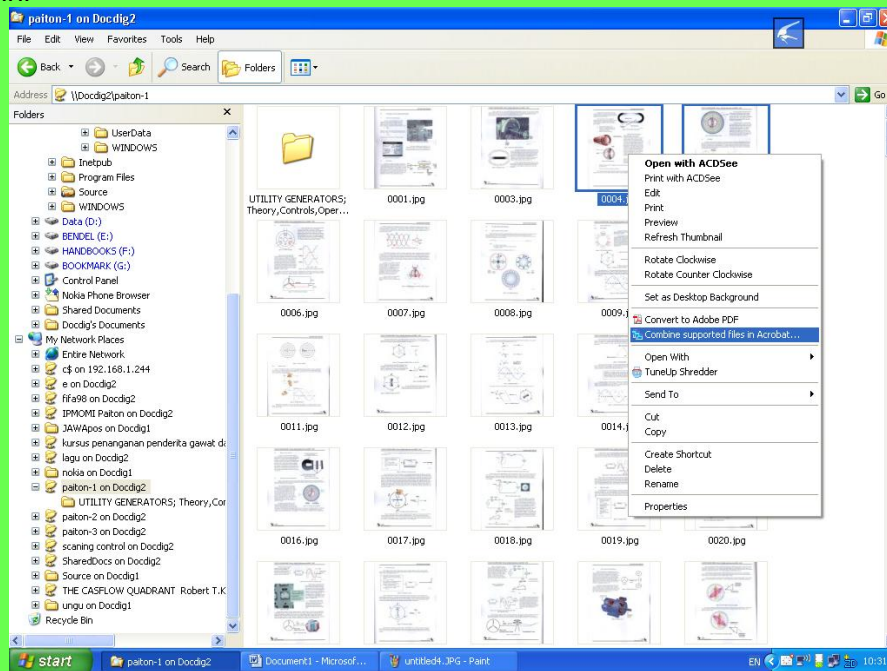
Lalu pilih dan klik file dan klik save (untuk penyimpanan pdf)



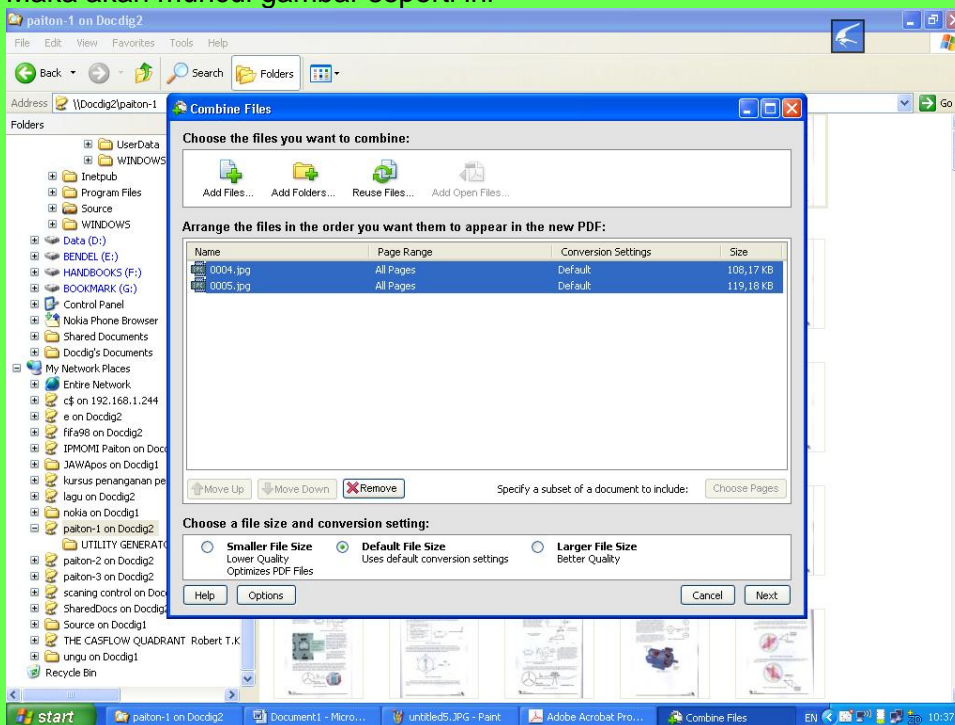
Ketik pada kotak file name (untuk nama file) lalu klik save

LANGKAH III
COMBINE FILE PDF

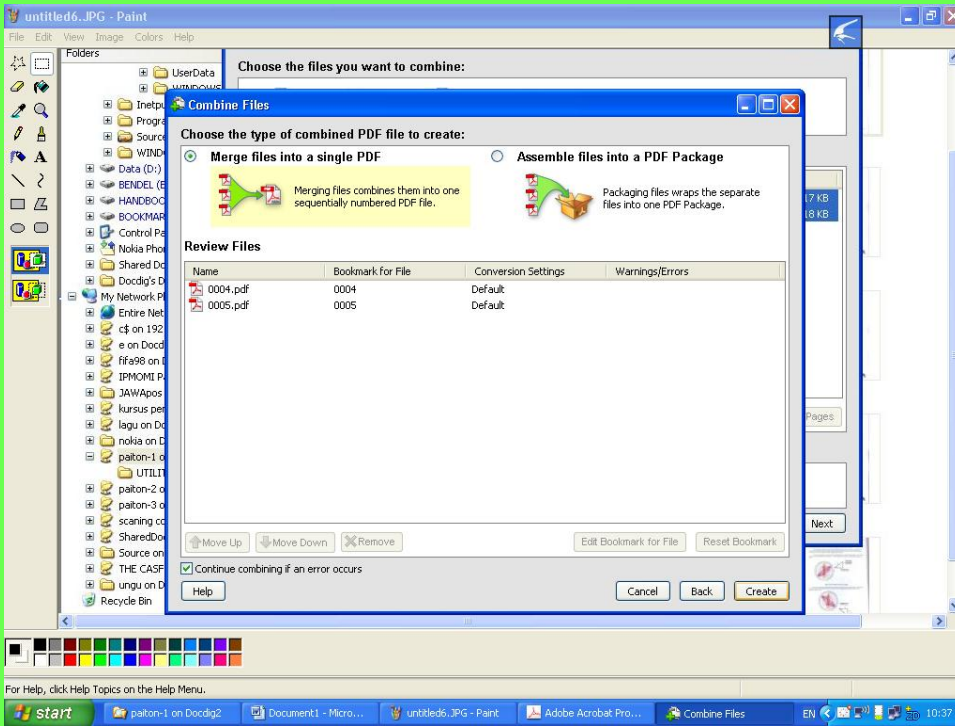
Pilih file PDF pada folder yang sudah di convert PDF .Klik kanan pada pemilihan PDF itu ,pilih dan klik Combine Supported Files In Acrobat ... , seperti gambar dibawah ini



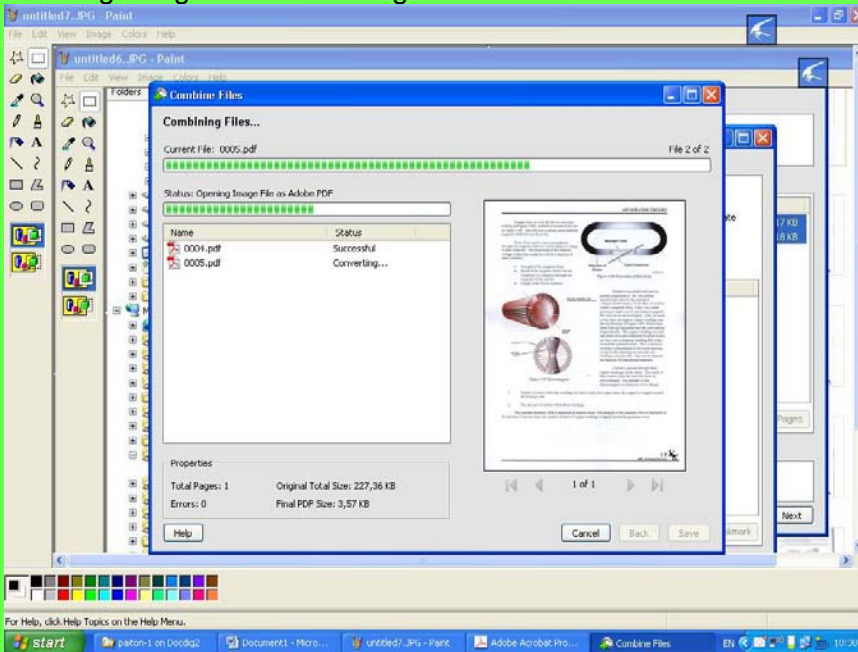
Maka akan muncul gambar seperti ini



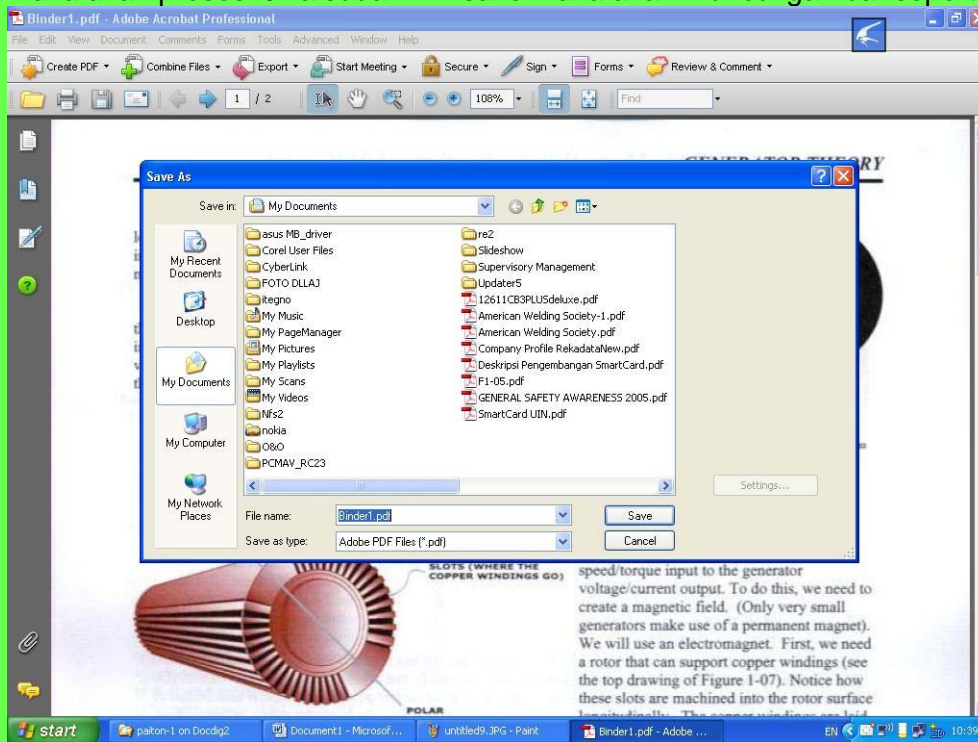
Lalu klik next



Centang Merge files into a single PDF lalu klik Create



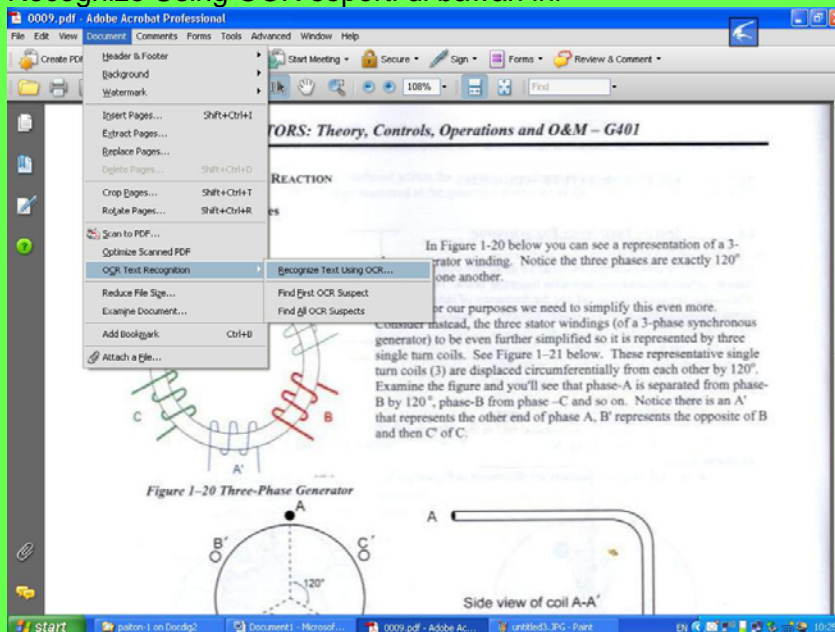
Maka akan proses .Jika sudah klik save maka akan muncul gambar seperti ini



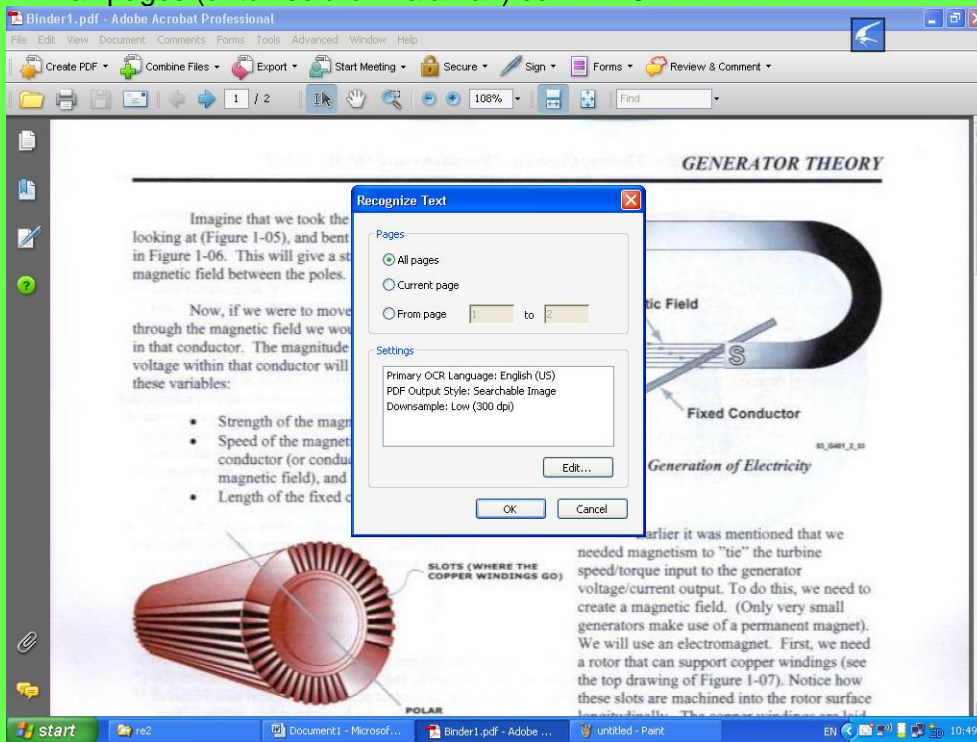
Ketik pada File name (untuk memberikan nama file) lalu klik save.

LANGKAH IV OCR

Pilih dan klik document pada taskbar , pilih OCR Teks Recognition dan klik Recognize Using OCR seperti di bawah ini



Pilih all pages (untuk seluruh halaman) dan klik OK



Lalu akan proses

LANGKAH V BOOK MARKS

Klik icon bookmark pada PDF (ADOBE ACROBAT) yang paling kiri

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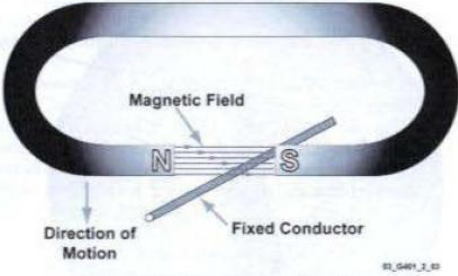
GENERATOR THEORY

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...ar we were just around as we see in Figure 1-06. This will give a strong, more uniform magnetic field between the poles.


Now, if we were to move a conductor through the magnetic field we would induce a voltage in that conductor. The magnitude of the induced voltage within that conductor will be a function of these variables:

- Strength of the magnetic field,
- Speed of the magnetic field over the conductor (or conductor through the magnetic field), and the
- Length of the fixed conductor.



The diagram shows a cross-section of a magnetic field between two poles, labeled 'N' (North) and 'S' (South). A 'Fixed Conductor' is shown as a horizontal bar passing through the field. An arrow labeled 'Direction of Motion' points downwards, indicating the conductor is moving through the field. The magnetic field lines are represented by horizontal lines between the poles.

Figure 1-06 Generation of Electricity

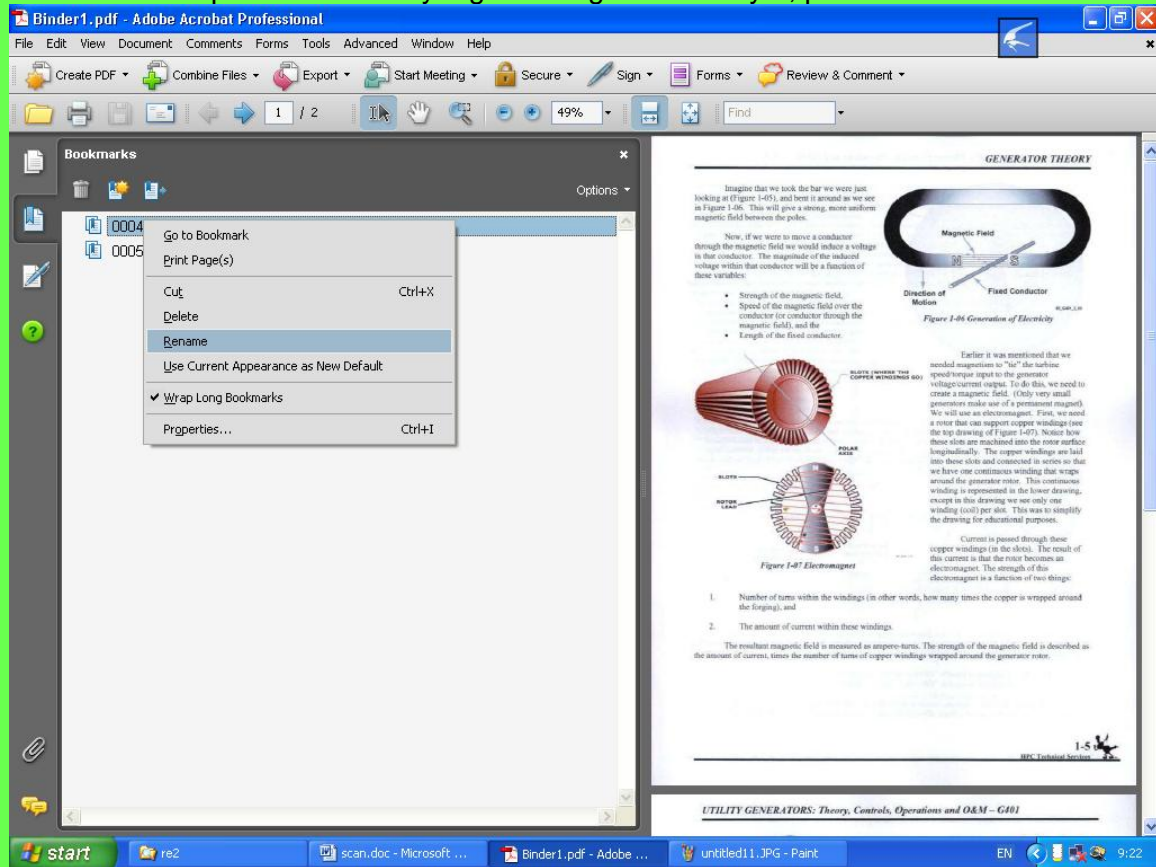


The diagram shows a 3D perspective of a cylindrical rotor. The outer surface of the rotor is covered with numerous radial slots. A label points to these slots with the text 'SLOTS (WHERE THE COPPER WINDINGS GO)'. The word 'POLAR' is written at the bottom of the diagram.

Earlier it was mentioned that we needed magnetism to "tie" the turbine speed/torque input to the generator voltage/current output. To do this, we need to create a magnetic field. (Only very small generators make use of a permanent magnet). We will use an electromagnet. First, we need a rotor that can support copper windings (see the top drawing of Figure 1-07). Notice how these slots are machined into the rotor surface longitudinally. The copper windings are laid

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Lalu klik kanan pada document yang akan diganti namanya , pilih dan klik rename



Selanjutnya ketik nama documentnya . Selanjutnya simpan file-nya.

**SELAMAT
MENCOBA**